

Web Design and Programming

WEB设计与编程导论

全球市值前十大公司变迁

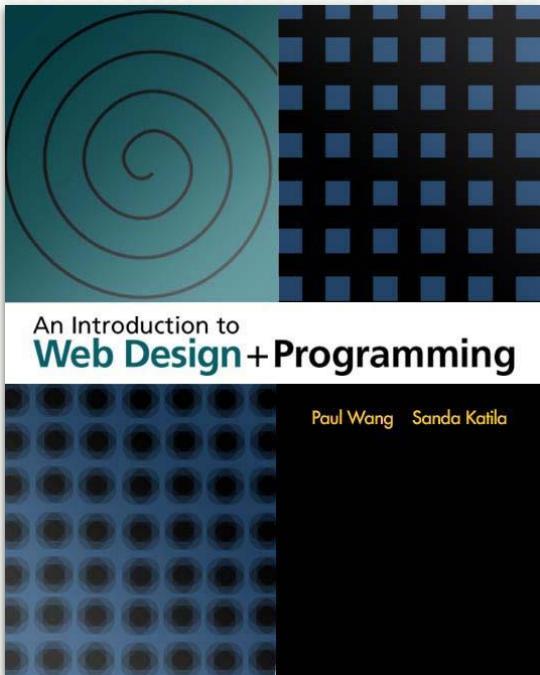


注：1.2006年3月，原东京三菱银行与原日联银行合并成为三菱东京日联银行，现更名为三菱UFJ银行

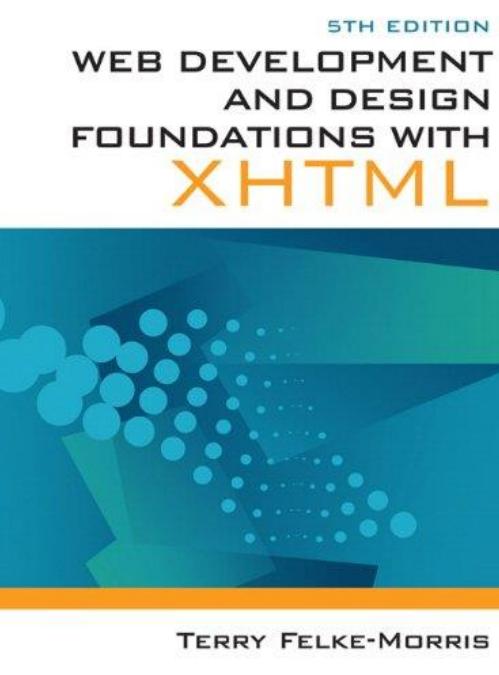
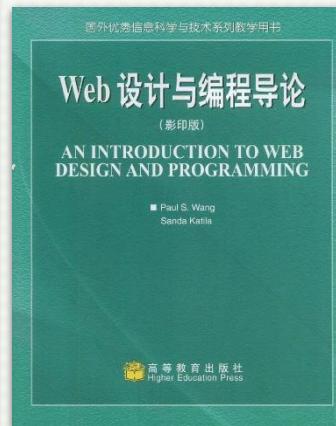
2.NTT DoCoMo是1991年8月由日本公司日本电信电话（NTT）所分出来的，专营电信业务。

3.数据来源为Charlie Bilello，截止日期为2019年4月中旬

Suggested Textbook



2006



2012



原版教材
美国康奈尔大学
肯特州立大学
纽约州立大学石溪分校

“国外优秀信息科学与
技术系列教学用书”

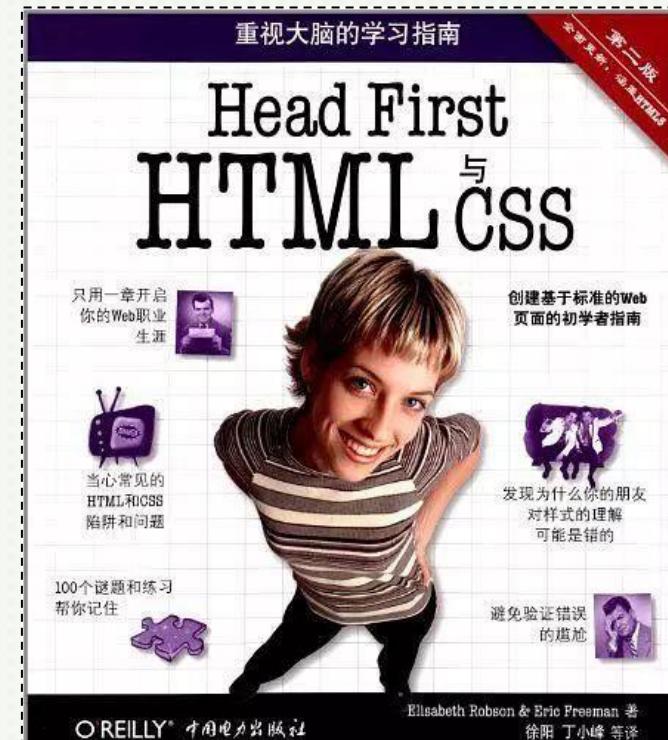


Learning Web Design: A Beginner's Guide
(学习Web设计)



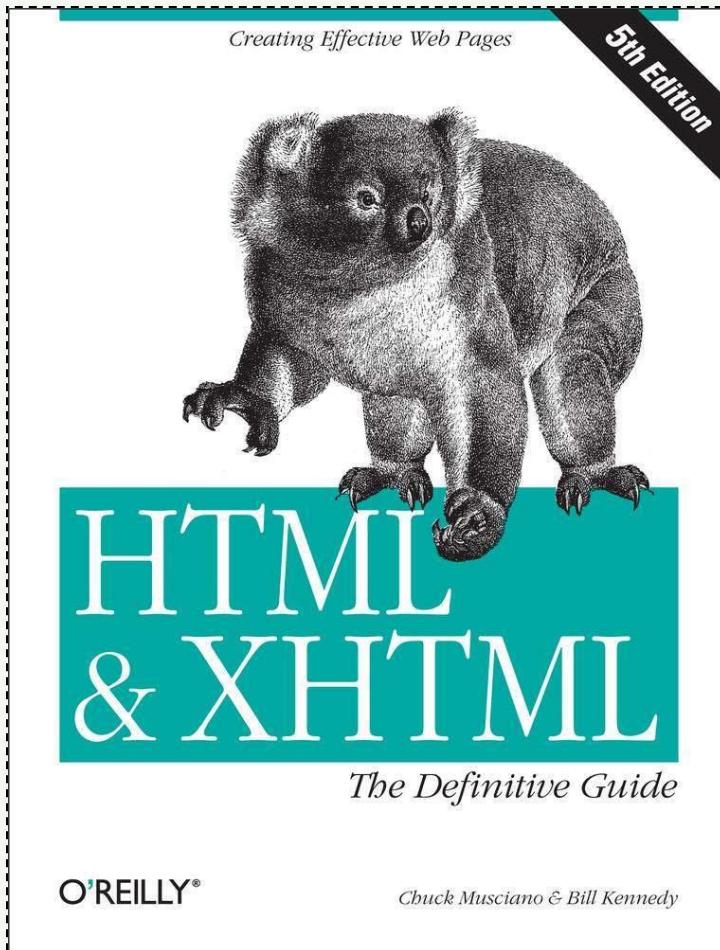
HTML & CSS: Design and Build Websites
(HTML & CSS设计与构建网站)

Suggested Textbook

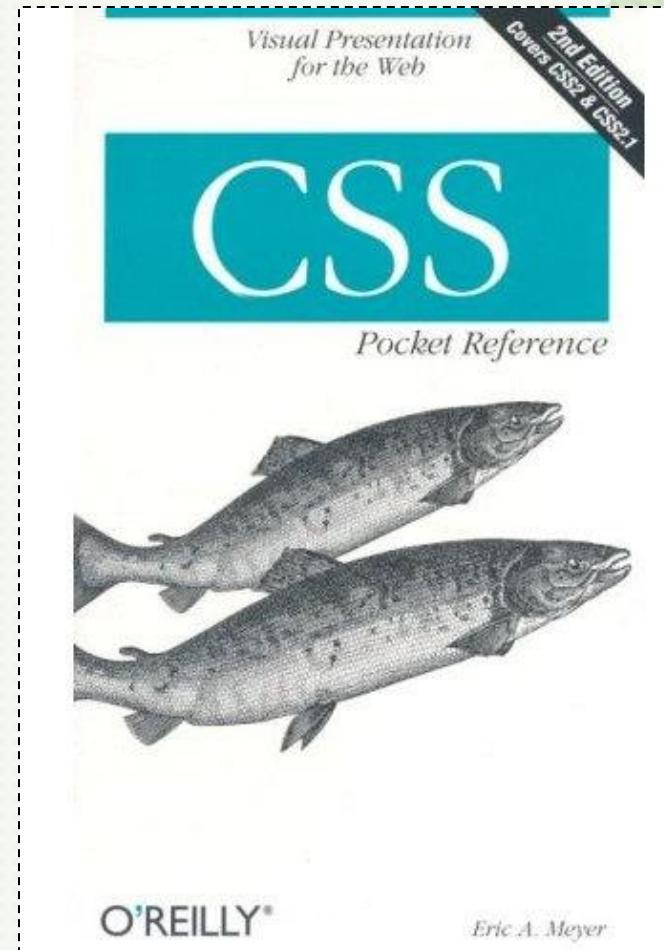


Head First HTML and CSS
(深入浅出HTML与CSS)

Suggested Reference Books



**HTML & XHTML: The
Definitive Guide**



CSS Pocket Reference

Internet Pioneers

The Advanced Research Projects Agency

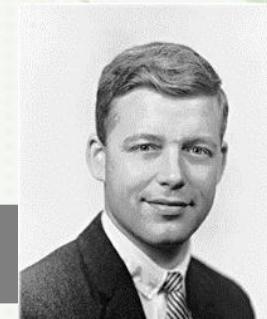
ARPA



Larry Roberts

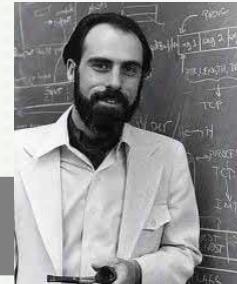
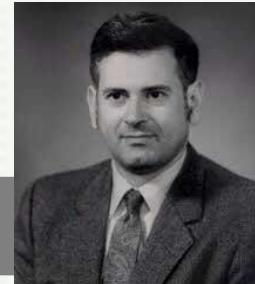


J.C.R. Licklider
Galactic Network
On-Line Man
Computer
Communication



Robert Taylor
Computer
Interconnection

TCP/IP



Robert Kahn Vinton Cerf



Paul Baran
Distributed communication system



Leonard Kleinrock
Packet Switching

ARPA

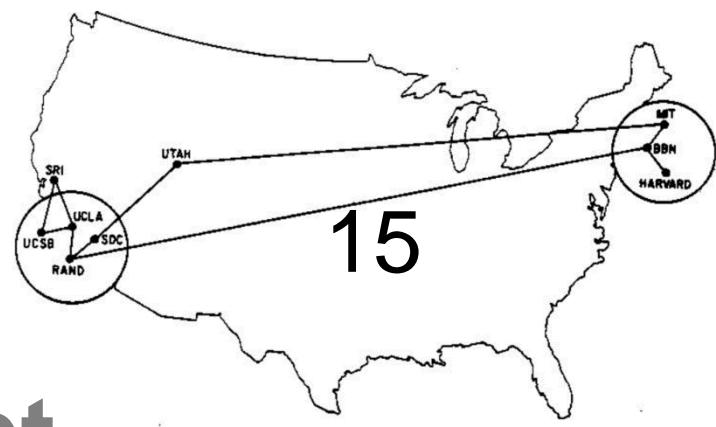
4

Dezember 1969



15

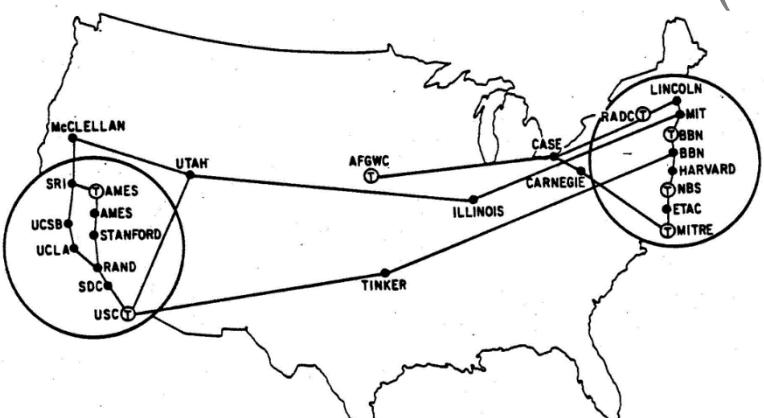
Juni 1970



ARPAnet

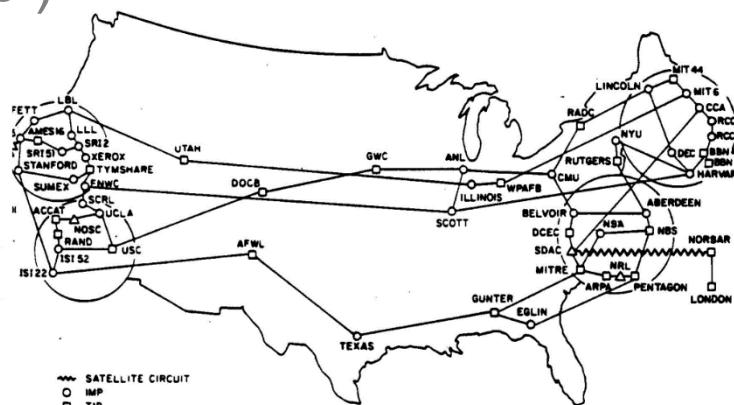
(1 9 6 9 - 1 9 8 3)

März 1972

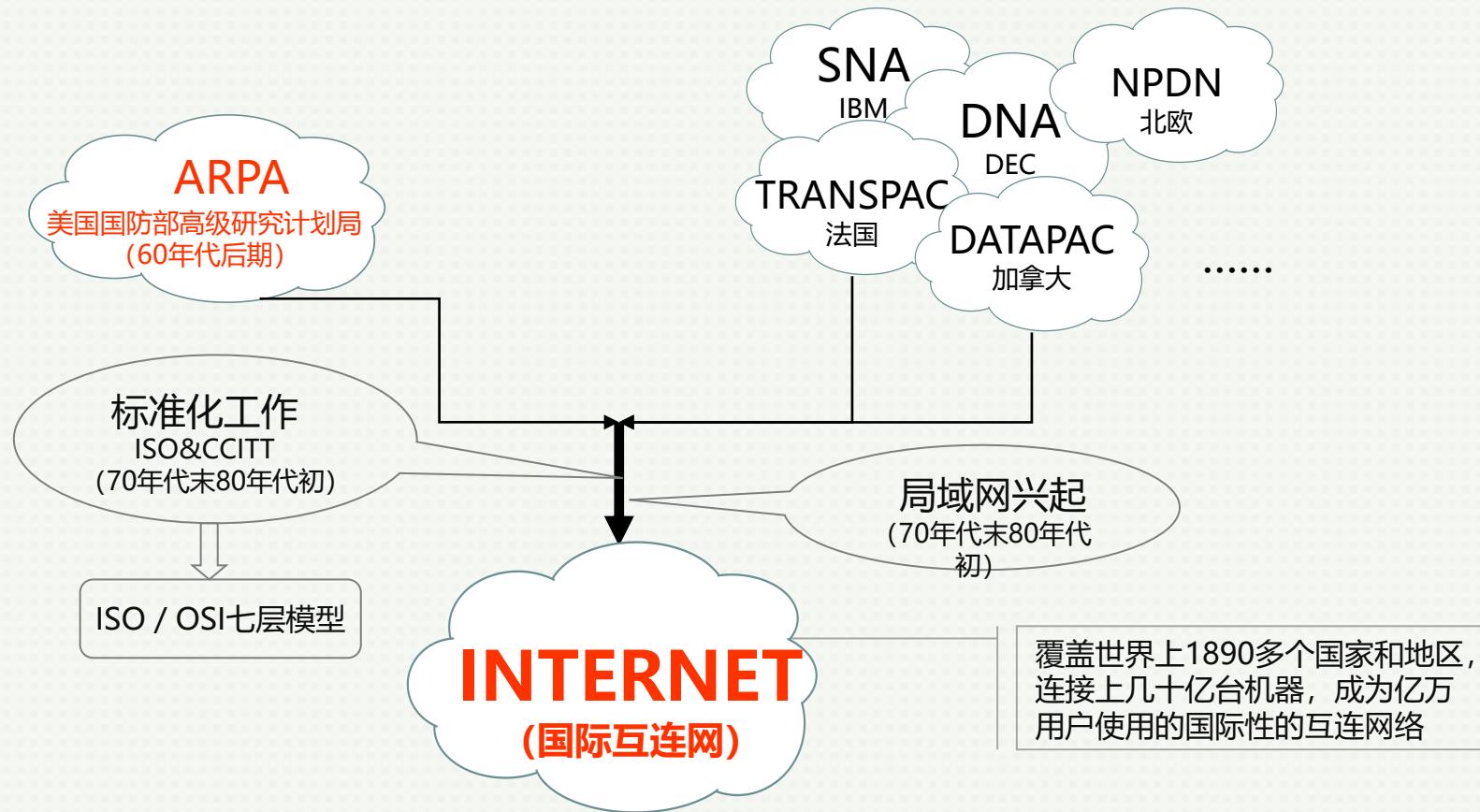


~~ SATellite CIRCUIT
 O IMP
 □ TIP
 △ PLURIBUS IMP
 (NOTE THIS MAP DOES NOT SHOW ARPA'S EXPERIMENTAL
 SATELLITE CONNECTIONS)
 NAMES SHOWN ARE IMP NAMES, NOT (NECESSARILY) HOST NAMES

Juli 1977



History of Internet



The Internet's Founding Father

Vague but exciting ...

CERN DD/OC
Information Management: A Proposal

Tim Berners-Lee, CERN/DD
March 1989

Information Management: A Proposal

Abstract

This proposal concerns the management of general information about accelerators and experiments at CERN. It discusses the problems of loss of information about complex evolving systems and derives a solution based on a distributed hypertext system.

Keywords: Hypertext, Computer conferencing, Document retrieval, Information management, Project control



Tim Berners-Lee

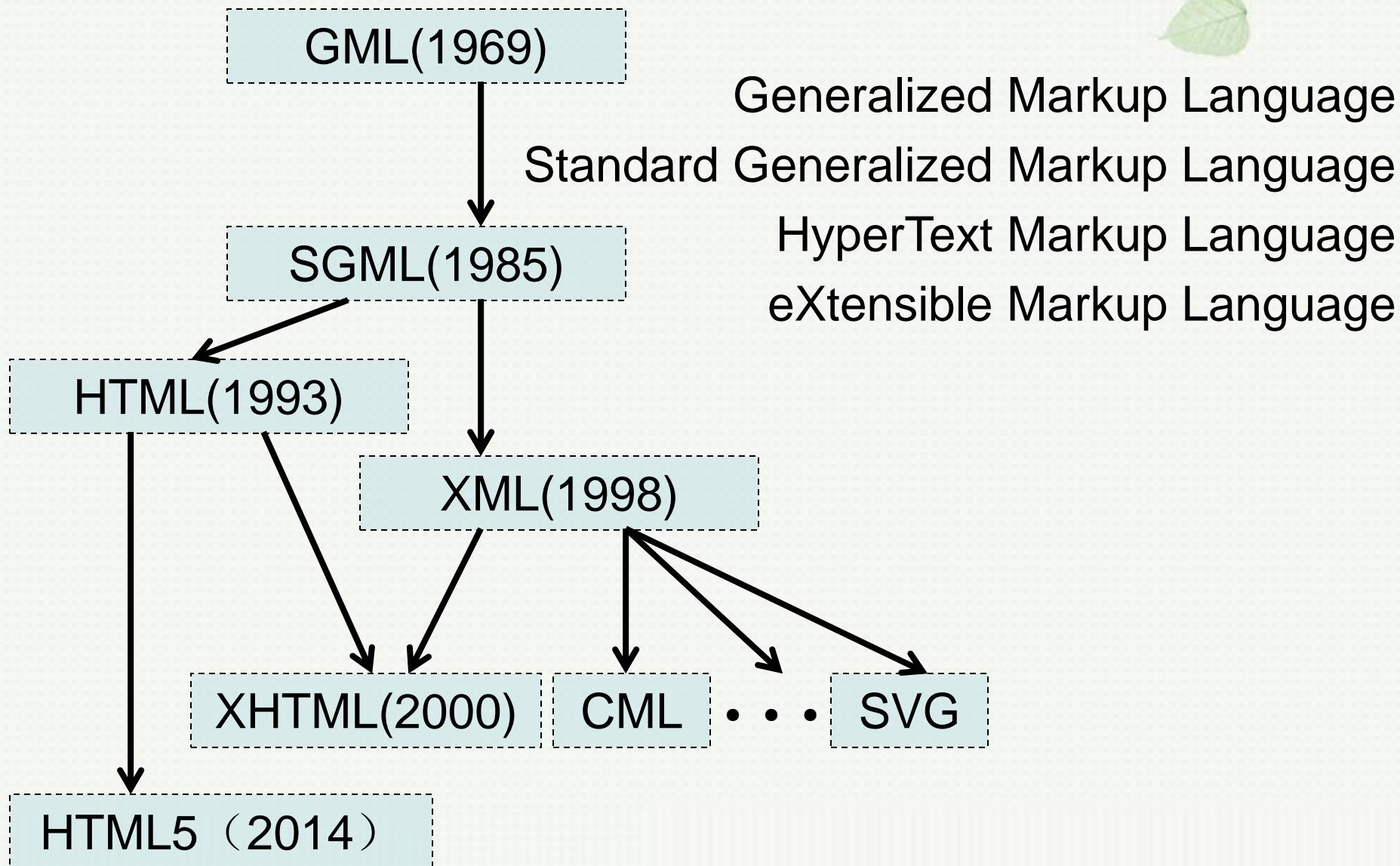
CERN (the famous European Particle physics Laboratory in Geneva)

HTTP

HTML

World Wide Web

History of Web



Web1.0 vs Web2.0

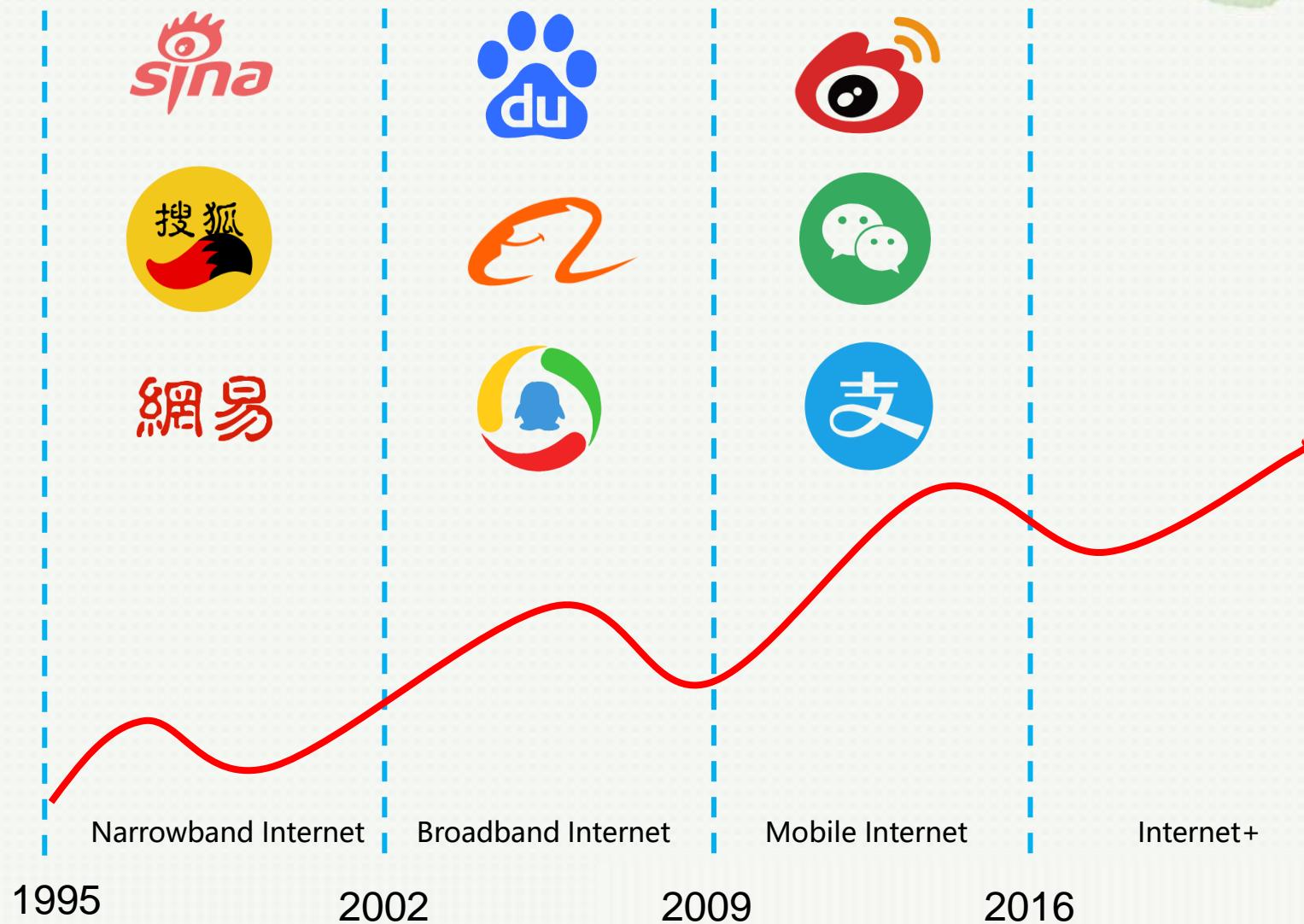
	Web 1.0	Web 2.0
	DoubleClick	--> Google AdSense
	Ofoto	--> Flickr
	Akamai	--> BitTorrent
	mp3.com	--> Napster
	Britannica Online	--> Wikipedia
	personal websites	--> blogging
	evite	--> upcoming.org and EVDB
domain name speculation		--> search engine optimization
	page views	--> cost per click
	screen scraping	--> web services
	publishing	--> participation
content management systems		--> wikis
	directories (taxonomy)	--> tagging ("folksonomy")
	stickiness	--> syndication

Ajax	(Flickr google maps Gmail)	IM
RSS	standards	Instant Messenger
Really Simple Syndication / Rich Site Summary		Blog
Bookmark	WEB 2.0	Weblog
Del.icio.us		Podcasting
Wiki		P2P
wee kee wee kee		peer-to-peer
SNS	Social Network Service	

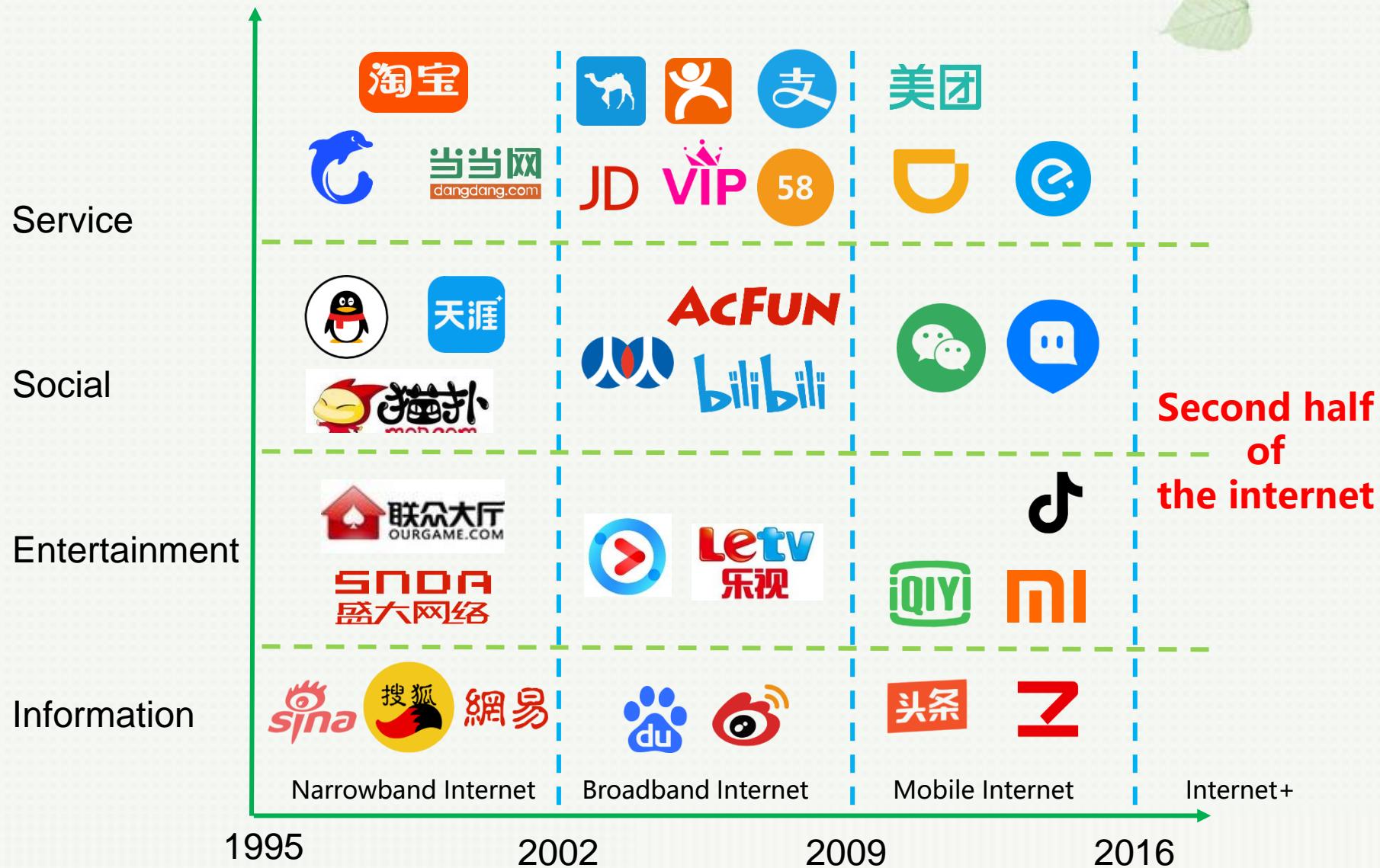
Defining Web 2.0

- Web2.0 is the new Web model, represented by webs such as Flickr, Craigslist, Linkedin, Tribes, Ryze, Friendster, and by social concepts such as Blogs, TAG, SNS, RSS, Wiki. It was realized by the new theories of Six Degrees of Separation, xml, ajax and new techs.
- Web 2.0, pronounced "web two point oh", a phrase coined by O'Reilly Media in 2003 and popularized by the first Web 2.0 conference in 2004, refers to a perceived second generation of web-based communities and hosted services — such as social-networking sites, wikis and folksonomies — which facilitate collaboration and sharing between users.

China's internet development



China's internet Product patterns



Web standards

- **Structure**
- **HTML(HyperText Markup Language)**
- **XHTML(eXtensible HyperText Markup Language)**
- **XML(eXtensible Markup Language)**
- **Presentation**
- **CSS(Cascading Style Sheets)**
- **Behavior**
- **DOM(Document Object Model)**
- **ECMAScript**

What You Will Learn

How to create and use HTML.

How to create and use XHTML.

How to create and use CSS.

How to create and use Java Scripts.

How to create and use XML.

How to use Document Object Model.

How to use Ajax and RSS. (If we have time)

Suggested Browsers



Google Chrome

<https://www.google.cn/chrome/>



Mozilla Firefox

<http://www.mozilla.com/>

Suggested Websites

- The World Wide Web Consortium:
<http://www.w3c.org/>
- The Web Design School:
<http://www.w3schools.com/>
- W3C Validator:
<http://validator.w3.org/>
- CSS Validator :
<http://jigsaw.w3.org/css-validator/>



The End